The Nutrition Facts Label

Look for It and Use It!

Information you need to make healthy choices throughout vour day



Found on food and beverage packages



Use it to compare and choose foods!



Check the serving size and servings **per container.** The nutrition information listed on the Nutrition Facts label is usually based on one serving of the food.

Packages can—and often do contain more than one serving!

If you eat multiple servings, you're getting "multiples" on calories and nutrients, too.

Size up **Servings**

2SERVINGS=CALORIES&NUTRIENTSX2

Calories from food provide the energy your body needs to function and grow. Balance the number of calories you eat and drink with the number of calories you burn during physical activity. Curious

about calorie needs? Check out www.choosemyplate.gov/MyPlatePlan.

Consider the **Calories**

The allergen is listed in the ingredient list, sometimes with its common English name in parentheses.

For example: whey (milk).

The allergen is listed right after the ingredients using a "Contains" statement. If the allergen is part of a group, like tree nuts, the label must also name the specific food. For example: Contains tree nuts (walnut).

Nutrition Facts

4 servings per container Serving size 1 1/2 cup (208g)

Calories		240
	9/	Daily Value*
Total Fat 4g		5%
Saturated Fat 1.5g		8%
Trans Fat 0g		
Cholesterol 5mg		2%
Sodium 430mg		19%
Total Carbohydrate 46g		17%
Dietary Fiber 7g		25%
Total Sugars 4g		
Includes 2g Added Sg		s 4%
Protein 11g		
Vitamin D 2mcg		10%
Calcium 260mg		20%
Iron 6mg		35%
Potassium 240rg		6%

* The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calorie a day is used for general nutrition advice

INGREDIENTS: Cashews, Almonds Pistachios, Pecans, Peanut Oil. CONTAINS: Cashews, Almonds, Pistachios, Pecans.

Use %DV

% Daily Value (%DV) is the percentage of the Daily Value (reference amounts of nutrients to consume or not to exceed each day for adults and children 4 years of age and older) and shows how much a nutrient in a serving of the food contributes to a total daily diet. Use %DV to see how a food's nutrients stack up and choose foods that are higher in nutrients to get more of and lower in nutrients to get less of.

> TIP: 5% DV or less per serving is low and 20% DV or more per serving is high

> > **Nutrients To**

Get Less Of

Nutrients To Get More Of

- Dietary Fiber
- Vitamin D
- Potassium

Iron

Calcium

- Sodium
- Added Sugars
- Saturated Fat
 Trans Fat (Note: Trans
 - fat has no %DV, so use grams as a guide)

FOOD

ALLERGY



Choose **Nutrients**

Wisely









